



Intellectual Property's Relationship To Funding

When securing funding, emerging businesses need to show proof of assets, assets in process, and the value proposition. For emerging businesses, having a patent or a patent application on file with the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO) can be a valuable role in securing venture capital (VC) funding.

Funding Sources Look For: • Value Proposition • Large Investment Return • Exit Strategy Success Markers for Funding Sources: Unique Idea Differentiation Market Opportunity Management and Leadership Teams Diversity

Securing brand protections and rights can signal to investors that your idea is far along to commercialize, protect against third parties, and worth investment.

Outside of VC funding, research finds that patents also hold value in securing funding from other sources. Graham et al. (2009) find, based on the responses of over 1,000 early stage technology companies founded since 1998, that patents were important in making funding decisions for friends and family (31 percent), commercial banks (21 percent), angel investors (57 percent), and other companies (54 percent), as well as investment banks (50 percent).

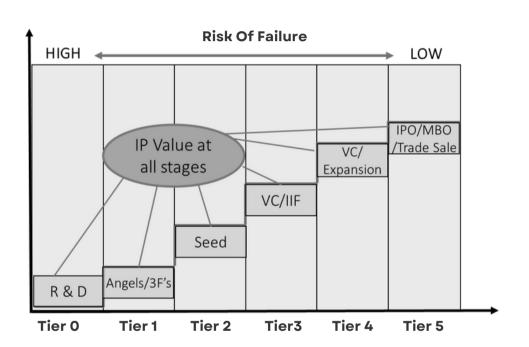
A patent strategy can indeed affect a tech startup company's growth. Data indicates that companies that have patents in earlier rounds (especially before obtaining funding, or in Rounds 1 and 2) are able to obtain more total funding. This occurs in all markets, but is especially so in Biotechnology/Agriculture, IT/Hardware and Medical devices, in which the largest patenting activity tends to happen in the beginning of the company's life. This suggests that patenting early may be more important for start-ups than what some views in venture capital may predict.



Stages of Commercialization

Product Development Stage:

Market consolidation
Market expansion
Market penetration
Product enhancement
Sales & distribution
Product development
Marketing & research
Prototyping
Market definition
Innovation & R&D



Tiers 0/1 Preincubation

Direction
Collaboration
Guidance
Resources etc
Pre-Seed funding
IP Creation

Tier 2 Incubation

Mentoring
Seed funding
Contacts
Consulting
Clients
IP Development

Tier 3 Post-Incubation

Funding Structuring Relationships etc. IP Growth Tiers 4/5
Commercial

Maturity



Due Diligence for Investment of Intellectual Property

Phase I Review

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Portfolio	Intellectual Capital	Manage- ment	Business Model	Financial	Technology	Competition	Sales & Marketing	Deal Structure
			Phase II Eva	aluation and D	Development			
Portfolio Synergy	Existing IC	Executive Skill Set	Mission Statement	Profit %	Product Demo	Market Value	Market Size & Growth	Debt Leverage
	Future IC	Board of Directors	Partnership	Cash Flow	Tech Plan	Differentiate	Customers	Acquisition Strategy
	Competitive IC	Employee Skill Set	Mega-trend	Use of Funds			Outside Influences	Risk Factors
			Futuring	Valuation			Sales Strategy	
			Phas	se III Due Diliç	jence			
	Patent Doc	Employee Agreements	Supplier Relations	Debt	External Lab Review	Industry News	Customer Relations	Financial
	Trademark Doc	Comp/ Incentive	Agreements	Tax Status & Planning			Distributor Relations	Legal
	Trade Secrets	Employee Issues		Audit Review				
	IC Threats	Share- holders		Property				

Intellectual property due diligence helps assess the value of a company's IP assets considering depth, scope, enforceability, ownership, and potential.

When selling IP, due diligence is a defensive strategy to get an idea of value of the intangible assets and potential to maximize value. When purchasing IP, due diligence is an offensive strategy that looks for any problems to value the intangible assets, such as enforcement and potential litigation.



Intellectual Property Valuation Options

Intellectual Property Assets derive from a variety of system: Patent System, Copyright System, Trademark System, and through Trade Secrets.

	AT A GLA	NCE IP COM	1 P A R I S O N	
	Р	С	Т	T S
Coverage	Ideas	Expression embodied in a fixed medium	Consumer Recognition and Goodwill	Business Information
Types	Utility, Design, Plant	N/A	N/A	N/A
Requirements	New, Useful and Non-obvious	Originality	Use in Commerce (US)	Valuable, maintained as secret
Term	20 Years from date of filing (utility), 15 Years for Design	95 years for a corporation	Indefinite if used properly	As long as it remains a secret
Limitations of Filing	Must be filed within 1 year of public disclosure in US			
Period of Examination	Approx. 2-4 years (petitions for accelerated exam)	Approx. 1-3 months - minimal exam.	Approx. 6-9 months	N/A
Search	Recommended		Recommended	

Patent Options

Patents can help create valuation if part of a larger branding strategy. A variety of valuations options helps protect and develop a business corner of the market.

Sue for money and/or injunction

Generate licensing revenue

Deter
competition /
construct
barriers to entry

Cross-License

Obtain financing

Build portfolio assets with eye toward acquisition Enhance defensive posture

Develop alliances

Trademark Options

Trademarks can create significant valuation if part of a branding strategy. US and Foreign considerations can affect the valuation. There is an importance of clearance throughout its lifespan, making smart selections up-front, and monitoring/policing.

US And Foreign considerations

Clearance throughout its lifespan

Smart selections up-front

Monitoring / Policing

Copyright Options

Copyright can create valuation if part of a branding strategy. Be aware of open-source as it can reduce valuation.

Trade Secrets Options

Trade Secrets can be used where patents •may not have a long enough term or be possible. They are kept under lock and key, with restricted access and publications. while, valuation is hard to monetize, due diligence records can create better investment return.





Internal Mechanisms to Create Value Added **Intellectual Property**

A Portfolio Based Intellectual Property Strategy

A portfolio is greater than the sum of its parts. Rather than putting all your eggs in one basket, diversify your investment, and avoid an easy "single-path" for competitors to create.

Keys to A Portfolio-Based Strategy:

- Understanding the IP landscape to identify innovation and IP opportunities across multiple aspects of the business
- Tracking
- Early focus on branding

Patent Portfolio Evaluation and Diligence

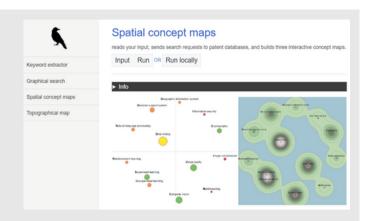
Fundamentals to a portfolio-driven IP success:

- Overview of claim scope
- Competitor analysis
- Position of portfolio within landscape
- Patent filing trends in related areas
- Open space for new patent filings
- Early identification of potential risks in portfolio
- Formation of IP process in preparation for exit strategies



Spatial Concept Maps

Search for relevant patents mapped by quantity and relevancy, forming peaks where the spacing indicates overlap in technology



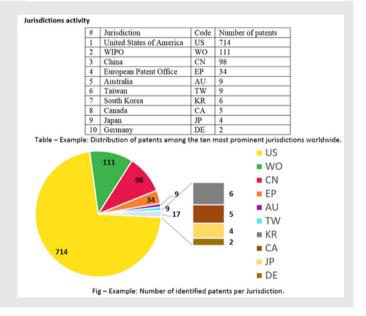
Assignee Activity

Chart to illustrate competitive activity in the search results.

# Plot Area	Color	Competitor	Number of patents	
1		Mattel Inc	289	
2		Ebay Inc	186	
3		Exxonmobil Chemical Patents Inc	159	
4		Disney Enterprises Inc	122	
5		Fina Technology Inc	99	
6		Sabic Innovative Plastics Inc	98	
7		Amazon Technologies Inc	95	
8		Hasbro Inc	89	
9		Taylor Nicholas	80	
10		Creedican Matthew	77	
		TOTAL	1294	

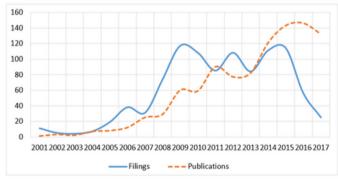
Jurisdiction Breakdown

World-wide data broken down by jurisdiction.



Filing Tends Over Time

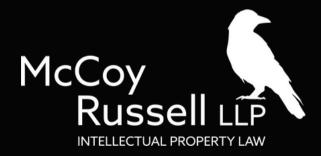
Filing trends over time of particular areas, competitors, country, illustrate trends





What Next?

Contact us a info@mccrus.com to discuss next steps for your obtaining protections for your brand and ideas with one of McCoy Russell's Attorneys.



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